## **Objective Opiate Withdrawal Scale (OOWS)**

## Circle (o) one response for each question

<b>Q1. Yawning</b> (frequency = # of yawns per observation period)	Not at all 🗌 o	1 or more 🗌 1
<b>Q2.</b> Rhinorrhea (frequency = # of sniffs per observation period)	0-2 🗌 0	1 or more 🗌 1
Q3. Piloerection (gooseflesh – observe patient's arm)	Absent 🗌 o	Present 🗌 1
Q4. Perspiration	Absent 🗌 o	Present 🗌 1
Q5. Lacrimation	Absent 🗌 o	Present 🗌 1
Q6. Mydriasis	Absent 🗌 o	Present 🗌 1
Q7. Tremors (hands)	Absent 🗌 o	Present 🗌 1
Q8. Hot and cold flushes (shivering or huddling for warmth)	Absent 🗌 o	Present 🗌 1
Q9. Restlessness (frequent shifts of position)	Absent 🗌 o	Present 🗌 1
Q10. Vomiting	Absent 🗌 o	Present 🗌 1
Q11. Muscle twitches	Absent 🗌 o	Present 🗌 1
Q12. Abdominal cramps (holding stomach)	Absent 🗌 o	Present 🗌 1
<b>Q14. Anxiety</b> (Mild: observable manifestations e.g., foot shaking, fidgeting, finger tapping; Moderate to severe: agitation, unable to sit, trembling, panicky, complains of difficulty breathing, choking cessation, palpitations)	Absent 🗌 o	Present 🗌 1
Total Score:		

**Scoring and interpretation:** The OOWS comprises 13 clinical observations. Each observation is scored as either absent (0 point) or present (1 point). A total score is calculated by summing all 13 items. The minimum total score possible is 0, and the maximum total score possible is 13 (i.e. total score range: 0-13). A higher score indicates greater opiate withdrawal symptoms.

**Tool citation:** Handelsman, L., Cochrane, K., Aronson, M., et al. *Two new rating scales for opiate withdrawal.* American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse, 1987. **13**(3): 293-308.

**Further information:** Fischer, J.A., Roche, A.M., and Duraisingam, V. *Objective Opioid Withdrawal Scale* (*OOWS*): *description, strengths and knowledge gaps*. 2021, National Centre for Education and Training on Addiction (NCETA), Flinders University: Adelaide, South Australia.

