





# Subjective Opiate Withdrawal Scale (SOWS): description, strengths and knowledge gaps

## **Purpose**

The Subjective Opiate Withdrawal Scale (SOWS) is a client-reported assessment of the presence and intensity of opiate withdrawal symptoms.[2] The SOWS is designed to complement the OOWS.

Drug(s) of Concern	Observation Period
Opiods/heroin	Last 5 mins

Populations Tested	Settings Tested
<ul> <li>Males<sup>[2]</sup></li> <li>Adults<sup>[2]</sup></li> </ul>	AOD specialist services <sup>[2]</sup>

# Diagnostics

✓ Brief **Utility**:

✓ Easy to administer and score

✓ Might be better if used in combination with the OOWS, due to its subjectivity

✓ Particularly useful for clinical settings<sup>[2]</sup>

Psychometric properties: • Demonstrated to be a valid and reliable indicator of the severity of opiate withdrawal symptoms in detox patients<sup>[2]</sup>



# Subjective Opiate Withdrawal Scale (SOWS)

	Please circle (o) one response for each question						
1.	I feel anxious  O Not at all	1 A little	2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		
2.	I feel like yawnir 0 Not at all	-	2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		
3.	I am perspiring  O Not at all	1 A little	2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		
4.	My eyes are team 0 Not at all	-	2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		
5.	My nose is runni 0 Not at all	_	2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		
6.	I have goose fles		2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		
7.	I am shaking O Not at all	1 A little	2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		
8.	I have hot flushe	_	2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		
9.	I have cold flush O Not at all		2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		
10.	My bones and m	nuscles ache	2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		
11.	I feel restless O Not at all	1 A little	2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		
12.	I feel nauseous O Not at all	1 A little	2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		
13.	I feel like vomiting Not at all	_	2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		
14.	My muscles twit		2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		
15.	I have cramps in	n my stomach	2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		
16.	I feel like shootin O Not at all	ng up 1 A little	2 Moderately	3 Quite a bit	4 Extremely		





### Administrator, Rater, Scoring and Interpretation

Administrator: Clinician/Worker

Rater: Client

Scoring & interpretation: Clients score each SOWS item on a five-point scale (i.e., 0,1,2,3 & 4).

A total score is calculated by summing the responses to all 16 items. The minimum total score possible is 0, and the maximum total score

possible is 64 (i.e. total score range: 0-64).

**SOWS** score interpretation<sup>[2]</sup>

Score Interpretation

1-10 Mild withdrawal

11-20 Moderate withdrawal

21 or more Severe withdrawal

#### Resources

Tool citation: Handelsman, L., Cochrane, K., Aronson, M., et al. *Two new rating scales* 

for opiate withdrawal. American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse,

1987. 13(3): 293-308.[2]

Copyright: Freely available. May be downloaded and used by clinicians.

Training/manual: None found.

Other: None found.



### **Knowledge Gaps**

The SOWS has been widely mentioned in policy and clinical guideline documents. It is a client-reported measure of withdrawal experiences.

#### Within the Australian context:

- Content and construct validity, and responsiveness is uncertain
- Tool acceptance by raters is unclear.

A study conducted with the SOWS has suggested that there are sex-based differences in people with chronic pain who misuse prescribed opioids, with women experiencing much higher levels of pain and withdrawal symptoms. [3] Given that few studies have examined opiate withdrawal through a gender lens, there is a need to better understand the extent to which males and females may experience and manage withdrawal differently. Research is required to examine how opiate withdrawal/assessment of withdrawal symptoms may differ between men and women.

#### References

- 1. Fischer, J.A., Roche, A.M., and Duraisingam, V. *Objective Opioid Withdrawal Scale (OOWS):*description, strengths and knowledge gaps. 2021, National Centre for Education and Training on Addiction (NCETA), Flinders University: Adelaide, South Australia. (overview citation)
- 2. Handelsman, L., Cochrane, K., Aronson, M., et al. *Two new rating scales for opiate withdrawal.* American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse, 1987. 13(3): 293-308.
- 3. Huhn, A., Tompkins, D., Campbell, C., and Dunn, K.E. *Individuals with chronic pain who misuse* prescription opioids report sex-based differences in pain and opioid withdrawal. Pain Medicine, 2019. 20(10): 1942-1947.



